

[2020 수능완성 1강 1번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.¹⁾

To Whom It May Concern,

My roommate and I have recently rescued two rabbits from terrible conditions. They were kept in a dirty cage. Their nails were extremely outgrown, and they were underfed. We have cleaned up the cage, clipped their nails, bathed and fed them well. Both are extremely friendly despite their obvious lack of human interaction ; they are a bit skittish when we attempt to pick them up. We are looking to find a better, more suitable habitat for them both to live in, where they have more room to hop around. We are curious as to whether your farm would be interested in taking them in. We look forward to hearing from you soon.

Sincerely,
Erica Anderson

- ① 최근 더러운 우리 속에 갇혀 있는 토끼 2마리를 구조했다.
- ② 토끼들은 제대로 먹지도 못하고 발톱도 심하게 자라 있었다.
- ③ 토끼들이 우호적인 것으로 보아 사람들과 친한 관계가 있었을 것이다.
- ④ 매우 우호적인 면이 있으나 집어 들려고 하면 잘 놀란다.
- ⑤ 토끼들이 뛰어다니며 살기에 더 적합한 장소를 찾고 있다.

1) ③

[서술형문제]

1. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

To Whom It May Concern,

My roommate and I have recently rescued two rabbits from terrible conditions. They were kept in a dirty cage. Their nails were extremely ①, and they were ②. We have cleaned up the cage, clipped their nails, bathed and fed them well. (a)Both are extremely friendly despite their obvious lack of human interaction ; they are a bit skittish when we attempt to pick them up. We are looking to find a better, more suitable habitat for them both to live in, where they have more room to hop around. We are curious as to whether your farm would be interested in taking them in. We look forward to hearing from you soon.

Sincerely,
Erica Anderson

[주관식 1] (a)를 다음처럼 변형할 때 빈칸을 채워보시오.²⁾

although they obviously seem _____ they are extremely friendly.

[주관식 2] ①②에 알맞은 단어를 보기의 주어진 단어를 활용하여 순서대로 써 보시오.³⁾

보기: grow, feed

2) **lacking of human interaction**

3) outgrown, underfed

[2020 수능완성 1강 2번]**[수능예상문제]**

2. 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.⁴⁾

Liam got up, washed his face, and picked up a book to read. Then, suddenly he remembered the letter. He rushed back to the bedroom. The letter was lying on the bed. He tore open the letter.

(A) But, the letter had some other message to convey that their relationship could not survive the transition from one organisation to another. Perhaps she was aware about his difficulties in getting another job. It was the end of another chapter in his life.

(B) The letter did not contain any message of personal nature, nor did it have any emotion in it. She had written in simple English, conveying her best wishes for his future endeavours. Of course, there were other ways in which she could have conveyed her wishes.

(C) Even without opening it, he could recognize the handwriting. It seemed finally Shweta had remembered him and written to him. It filled him with anticipation. But when he opened the letter, the words shocked him.

① (A)-(B)-(C)

② (B)-(A)-(C)

③ (B)-(C)-(A)

④ (C)-(A)-(B)

⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하십시오.

Liam got up, washed his face, and picked up a book to read. Then, suddenly he remembered the letter. He rushed back to the bedroom. The letter was lying on the bed. He tore open the letter. Even without opening it, he could recognize the handwriting. It seemed finally Shweta had remembered him and written to him. It filled him with anticipation. But when he opened the letter, the words shocked him. The letter did not contain any message of personal nature, (a) 그 안에 아무런 감정도 담고 있지 않았다. She had written in simple English, conveying her best wishes for his future endeavours. Of course, there were other ways in which she could have conveyed her wishes. But, the letter had some other message to convey that their relationship could not survive the transition from one organisation to another. Perhaps she was aware about his difficulties in getting another job. It was the end of another chapter in his life.

[주관식 1] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 배열해 보시오.⁵⁾

[in /did /emotion /it /any /have /it /nor]

[주관식 2] Fill in the blank.⁶⁾

Liam must have felt _____ after reading the letter from Shweta because it didn't contain any message of personal nature.

5) nor did it have any emotion in it.

6) disappointed

[2020 수능완성 1강 3번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글에서 Jeremy Wilson이 요청하는 것은 무엇인가?¹⁾

My name is Jeremy Wilson. I have lived at 2104 Dallas St, for almost my entire life, and now I am 23 years old. Southeast Park has always been a big part of my life as a park that I could always use and take pride in living so close to!. My friends and I still use the basketball courts. Yesterday we noticed their age was really showing. The hoops are very old, and one hoop is missing a net. A few years ago the court was renovated and painted, but no attention was paid to the actual basketball goals. It would be awesome to see new basketball goals put in place before summer gets here, because a lot of people are looking forward to playing basketball on some nice courts this summer in the park!.

- ① To suggest how to manage the park cleanly
- ② To show the techniques to be a good basketball player
- ③ To ask for changing the basketball stands in the park
- ④ To change ways to promote the facilities in the park
- ⑤ To inform a park manager of having changed the basketball stands

1) ③

[서술형문제]

1. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Dear Manager of Southeast Park,

My name is Jeremy Wilson. I have lived at 2104 Dallas St, for almost my entire life, and now I am 23 years old. Southeast Park has always been a big part of my life as a park that I could always use and take pride in living so close to!. My friends and I still use the basketball courts. Yesterday we noticed their age was really showing. The hoops are very old, and one hoop is missing a net. A few years ago the court was renovated and painted, but no attention was paid to the actual basketball goals. It would be awesome to see new basketball goals put in place before summer gets here, because a lot of people are looking forward to playing basketball on some nice courts this summer in the park!.

Best regards,
Jeremy Wilson

[주관식 1] Fill in the blank.²⁾

Jeremy Wilson _____ at 2104 Dallas St. for 23 years.

[주관식 2] How could Jeremy Wilson know the age of the basketball stands at the park? Write in Korean.³⁾

2) has lived

3) 낡은 링과 네트가 없는 링을 보고

[2020 수능완성 1강 4번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.⁴⁾

The wind was getting stronger, beating the plane from side to side, but up and up Stig went. He pressed both levers forward into a dive, but he was going too fast and just kept going skywards.

(A) Breathing was getting difficult, and he was struggling to see when, whoosh, the wind increased tenfold, and all he could do was hang on to the sides of the cockpit to stop his arms from being thrown around like a rag doll.

(B) The wind was bitterly cold and getting stronger and stronger, pushing him forever skyward, throwing the plane from side to side. A massive gust of wind hit him in the face, ripping off his goggles. The cold air stung his eyes, making tears stream from them.

(C) The wind was strong now and started tossing the little plane about. Fighting with the controls, Stig tried to slide her sideways and put her into a dive, but nothing worked.

① (A)-(B)-(C)

② (B)-(A)-(C)

③ (B)-(C)-(A)

④ (C)-(A)-(B)

⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

4) ⑤

[서술형문제]

1. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The wind was getting stronger, beating the plane from side to side, but up and up Stig ㉠went. He pressed both levers forward into a dive, but he was going too fast and just kept going skywards. The wind was strong now and started tossing the little plane about. ㉢Fighting with the controls, Stig tried to slide her sideways and put her into a dive, but nothing worked. The wind was bitterly cold and ㉡getting stronger and stronger, pushing him forever skyward, throwing the plane from side to side. A massive gust of wind hit him in the face, ripping off his goggles. The cold air stung his eyes, making tears ㉣streaming from them. Breathing was getting difficult, and he was struggling to see when, whoosh, the wind increased tenfold, and all he could do ㉤was hang on to the sides of the cockpit (a) 그의 두 팔이 형질 인형처럼 내동댕이쳐지는 것을 막기 위해.

[주관식 1] What did Stig try to do seeing the above writing? Writing in English.⁵⁾

[주관식 2] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 이용하여 영작해 보시오.⁶⁾

[like /to /arms /around /a rag doll /stop /his /throw]

[주관식 3] ㉠㉢㉡㉣㉤중에서 어법상 알맞지 않은 것을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 보시오.⁷⁾

_____ -> _____

5) He tried to make the plane forward into a dive.
6) to stop his arms from being thrown around like a rag doll
7) ㉡ streaming -> stream

[2020 수능완성 2강 1번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글을 요약하여 쓴 것이다. 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.¹⁾

The understanding problem is simply that humans are not really set up to hear logic. People, however, like to hear stories. The reason that people like to hear stories, however, is not transparent to them. People need a context to help them relate what they have heard to what they already know. We understand events in terms of other events we have already understood. When a decision-making heuristic, or rule of thumb, is presented to us without a context, we cannot decide the validity of the rule we have heard, nor do we know where to store this rule in our memories. Thus, the rule we are given is both difficult to evaluate and difficult to remember, making it virtually useless. People who fail to couch what they have to say in memorable stories will have their rules fall on deaf ears despite their best intentions, and despite the best intentions of their listeners. A good teacher is not one who explains things correctly, but one who couches his explanations in a memorable (i.e, an interesting) format.



Because people tend to understand information using prior knowledge in their ____ (a) ____, if you have information to deliver, you should express it in ____ (b) ____ type.

- | (a) | (b) | (a) | (b) |
|------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|-----|
| ① contexts ----- simple | | ② memories ----- contextual | |
| ③ contexts ----- memorable | | ④ memories ----- unforgettable | |
| ⑤ contexts ----- everlasting | | | |

1) ③

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The understanding problem is simply that humans are not really set up to hear logic. People, however, like to hear stories. The reason that people like to hear stories, however, is not transparent to them. People need a context to help them relate ㉠**what** they have heard to what they already know. We understand events in terms of other events we have already understood. When a decision-making heuristic, or rule of thumb, is presented to us without a context, we cannot decide the validity of the rule we ㉢**have heard**, ㉡**nor do** we know where to store this rule in our memories. Thus, (a) the rule we are given is both difficult to evaluate and difficult to remember, making it virtually useless. People who fail to couch what they have to say in memorable stories will have their rules ㉣**falling** on deaf ears despite their best intentions, and despite the best intentions of their listeners. A good teacher is not one who explains things ㉤**correctly**, but one who couches his explanations in a memorable (i.e, an interesting) format.

[주관식 1] Fill in the blank. 2)

According to the writing, if we _____ about what my friend is talking now, we may not understand what he or she is talking.

(hint: information 사용)

[주관식 2] (a)를 다음처럼 변형할 때 빈칸을 채워보시오.3)

not only _____ difficult to evaluate but also difficult to remember

[주관식 3] ㉠㉢㉡㉣㉤중에서 어법상 알맞지 않은 것을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 보시오.4)

_____ -> _____

2) haven't had any information

3) is the rule we are given

4) ㉣ falling -> fall

[2020 수능완성 2강 2번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.⁵⁾

Directness and honesty are qualities that our society values highly. We expect people to be who they say they are and tell us the truth about themselves. Before the advent of computers, anyone who used an assumed name was thought to be hiding something disreputable. Inexperienced computer users may continue to feel this way about online contacts. Because so many of the cues that we use to evaluate people are missing in cyberspace, computer users need to understand that virtual meeting places are different from face-to face contacts. Until we have good reason to know and trust the people behind the instant message pop-up or the chat room screen, we should remain anonymous and it is not dishonest to do so.

- ① Anonymity and information democracy
- ② Needs anonymity in cyberspace?
- ③ Ways to prevent cyber crimes
- ④ Anonymity : byproducts of cyberspace contact
- ⑤ Anonymity : cause of online abuses

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Directness and honesty are qualities that our society values highly. We expect people to be who they say they are and tell us the truth about themselves. Before the advent of computers, (a) 가명을 사용하는 사람은 누구나 불명예스러운 무언가를 숨기고 있는 것으로 생각되었다. Inexperienced computer users may continue to feel this way about online contacts. Because so many of the cues that we use to evaluate people are missing in cyberspace, computer users need to understand that virtual meeting places are different from face-to face contacts. Until we have good reason to know and trust the people behind the instant message pop-up or the chat room screen, we should remain (b) and it is not dishonest to do so.

[주관식 1] Why do we need to maintain anonymity in cyberspace? Write in Korean.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.⁷⁾

[hiding /anyone /an /disreputable /was /thought /assumed /be /name /who /something /to /used]

[주관식 3] (b)의 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 단어 1개를 써 보시오.⁸⁾

6) 가상공간에서의 만남은 대면 관계와 다르고 사람들을 평가할 단서가 부족하기 때문

7) anyone who used an assumed name was thought to be hiding something disreputable.

8) anonymous

[2020 수능완성 2강 3번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 부분 중 흐름상 가장 알맞지 않은 것을 고르시오.¹⁾

To appreciate the long-term benefits of industrialization one does not have to accept its cruelties. One can imagine an ①alternative history of the Industrial Revolution in which modern sensibilities applied earlier and the factories operated without children and with better working conditions for the adults. Today there are ②doubtless factories in the developing world that could offer as many jobs and still turn a profit while treating their workers more humanely. Pressure from trade negotiators and consumer protests has measurably improved working conditions in many places, and it is a natural progression as countries get richer and more integrated into the global community. Progress consists not in accepting every change as part of an ③indivisible package - as if we had to make a yes-or-no decision on whether the Industrial Revolution, or globalization, is a good thing or bad thing, exactly as each has ④unfolded in every detail. Progress consists of ⑤bundling the features of a social process as much as we can to maximize the human benefits while minimizing the harms.

1) ⑤ bundling -> unbundling

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

To appreciate the long-term benefits of industrialization one does not have to accept its cruelties. One can imagine an alternative history of the Industrial Revolution ㉠in which modern sensibilities applied earlier and the factories operated without children and with better working conditions for the adults. Today there are doubtless factories in the developing world that could offer as many jobs and still turn a profit while treating their workers more ㉢humanely. Pressure from trade negotiators and consumer protests has measurably improved working conditions in many places, (a) 국가들이 더 부유해지고 국제 사회에 더 많이 통합됨에 따라 그것은 자연스러운 진전이다. Progress consists not in accepting every change as part of an indivisible package - as if we ㉡had to make a yes-or-no decision on ㉣if the Industrial Revolution, or globalization, is a good thing or bad thing, exactly as each has unfolded in every detail. Progress consists of unbundling the features of a social process as ㉤much as we can to maximize the human benefits while minimizing the harms.

[주관식 1] According to the writing, what does progress consist of? Write in Korean. 2)

[주관식 2] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.3)

[get /it /natural /as /global /into /richer /and /a /which /integrated /the /community /progression /more /countries /is]

(단, 필요없는 단어 1개는 사용하지 말 것)

[주관식 3] ㉠㉢㉡㉣㉤중에서 어법상 알맞지 않은 것을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 보시오.4)

_____ -> _____

2) 진보는 해를 최소화하는 동시에 인간의 이익을 극대화하기 위해 사회적 과정의 특징을 최대한 개별로 나누는 것으로 이루어진다.

3) which is a natural progression as countries get richer and more integrated into the global community

4) ㉣ if -> whether

[2020 수능완성 2강 4번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.⁵⁾

As for the advice to say what you said, the key is the expression "in other words". There's no sense in copying a sentence from every paragraph and pasting them together at the end. That just forces the reader to figure out the point of those sentences all over again, and it is tantamount to a confession that the author isn't presenting ideas {which can always be clothed in different language} but just shuffling words around the page. A summary should repeat enough of the key words to allow the reader to connect it back to the earlier passages that spelled out the points in detail. But those words should be fitted into new sentences that work together as a coherent passage of prose in its own right. The summary should be _____, almost as if the material being summarized had never existed.

- ① dependent
- ② appropriate
- ③ simple
- ④ compressive
- ⑤ self-contained

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

As for the advice to say ㉠**what** you said, the key is the expression "in other words". There's no sense in copying a sentence from every paragraph and pasting them together at the end. That just forces the reader ㉡**to figure** out the point of those sentences all over again, and it is tantamount to a confession that the author isn't presenting ideas (which can always be clothed in different language) but just ㉢**shuffles** words around the page. A summary should repeat enough of the key words to allow the reader to connect it back to the earlier passages ㉣**that** spelled out the points in detail. But those words should be ㉤**fitted** into new sentences that work together as a coherent passage of prose in its own right. (a) 요약은 요약되고 있는 자료가 거의 전혀 존재하지 않았던 것처럼 자립적이어야 한다.

[주관식 1] Write the points of caution when writing summary sentences in Korean.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.⁷⁾

The summary should [material /being /be /as /the /never /almost /had /if /summarized /existed /self-contained]

[주관식 3] ㉠㉡㉢㉣㉤중에서 어법상 알맞지 않은 것을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 보시오.⁸⁾

_____ -> _____

6) 가상공간에서의 만남은 대면 관계와 다르게 사람들을 평가할 단서가 부족하기 때문

7) The summary should be self-contained, almost as if the material being summarized had never existed.

8) ㉢ shuffles -> shuffling

[2020 수능완성 3강 1번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.1)

Marine debris affects animals through ingesting it or getting entangled in it ; it is estimated that up to 100,000 marine mammals, including endangered species, are killed each year by marine debris. Very serious effects happen when marine animals become entangled in debris such as fishing line and six-pack rings. Birds get fishing line entangled around their legs, which get injured and may be lost. Large amounts of plastic debris have been found in the habitat of endangered Hawaiian monk seals, including in areas that serve as nurseries. Entanglement in plastic debris has led to injury and deaths in endangered Steller sea lions, with packing bands the most common entangling material. Hatchling sea turtles run down the beach to the ocean, a critical phase in their life cycle. Debris can be a major impediment if they get entangled in fishing nets or trapped in containers such as plastic cups and open canisters. Marine debris is an aspect of habitat quality for nesting sites and may help explain declines in turtle nest numbers on certain beaches.

- ① Ways to prevent animals from eating debris
- ② Reasons marine animals increasingly die annually
- ③ Marine debris and their effects on endangered animals
- ④ Why should we keep biodiversity in ocean?
- ⑤ The effects of marine debris on animals

1) ⑤

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Marine debris affects animals through ingesting it or getting entangled in it ; it is estimated that up to 100,000 marine mammals, including endangered species, ㉠are killed each year by marine debris. Very serious effects happen when marine animals become entangled in debris such as fishing line and six-pack rings. Birds get fishing line ㉢entangled around their legs, which get injured and may be lost. Large amounts of plastic debris have ㉡found in the habitat of endangered Hawaiian monk seals, including in areas that serve as nurseries. Entanglement in plastic debris has led to injury and deaths in endangered Steller sea lions, with packing bands the most common entangling material. Hatchling sea turtles ㉣run down the beach to the ocean, a critical phase in their life cycle. Debris can be a major impediment if they get entangled in fishing nets or ㉤trapped in containers such as plastic cups and open canisters. Marine debris is an aspect of habitat quality for nesting sites and may help explain declines in turtle nest numbers on certain beaches.

[주관식 1] Explain the ways animals are affected by marine debris in English. 2)

[주관식 2] According to the writing, what makes turtle nest numbers decline on certain beaches? Write in English.3)

[주관식 3] ㉠㉢㉡㉣㉤중에서 어법상 알맞지 않은 것을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 보시오.4)

 ->

2) through ingesting it or getting entangled in it

3) Marine debris

4) ㉡ found -> been found

[2020 수능완성 3강 2번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.5)

Regulations covering scientific experiments on human subjects are stringent. Subjects must give their informed, written consent, and experimenters must submit their proposed experiments to rigorous scrutiny by overseeing bodies. Scientists who experiment on themselves can, functionally if not legally, avoid the restrictions associated with experimenting on other people. They can also sidestep most of the ethical issues involved : nobody, presumably, is more aware of an experiment's potential hazards than the scientist who devised it. Nonetheless, experimenting on oneself remains deeply problematic. One obvious drawback is the danger involved ; knowing that it exists does nothing to reduce it. A less obvious drawback is _____. Human anatomy and physiology vary, in small but significant ways, according to gender, age, lifestyle, and other factors. Experimental results derived from a single subject are, therefore, of limited value ; there is no way to know whether the subject's responses are typical or atypical of the response of humans as a group.

- ① the limitations that we can't control various data
- ② a lack of ways to interpret the experimental results
- ③ the reliance of data we can get through subsequent experiments
- ④ the limited range of data that the experiment can generate
- ⑤ that we can't obtain individual and collective knowledge as well

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

(a) 인간 피실험자에 관한 과학 실험을 다루는 규정은 엄격하다. Subjects must give their informed, written consent, and experimenters must submit their proposed experiments to rigorous scrutiny by overseeing bodies. Scientists who experiment on themselves can, functionally if not legally, avoid the restrictions associated with experimenting on other people. They can also sidestep most of the ethical issues involved : nobody, presumably, is more aware of an experiment's potential hazards than the scientist who devised it. Nonetheless, experimenting on oneself remains deeply problematic. One obvious drawback is the danger involved ; knowing that it exists does nothing to reduce it. A less obvious drawback is the limited range of data that the experiment can generate. Human anatomy and physiology vary, in small but significant ways, according to gender, age, lifestyle, and other factors. Experimental results derived from a single subject are, therefore, of limited value ; there is no way to know whether the subject's responses are typical or atypical of the response of humans as a group.

[주관식 1] If a company plans to do an experiment on human subjects, what should it do for subjects? Write in Korean.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] Write two drawbacks of experimenting on oneself in Korean.⁷⁾

[주관식 3] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 이용하여 영작해 보시오.⁸⁾

[on /regulations /human /stringent /cover].

6) 피실험자가 충분한 설명을 듣고 이에 입각하여 서면으로 동의서를 제출하도록 해야 한다.

7) 실험에 수반되는 위험과 실험이 만들어내는 데이터의 제한된 범위 문제이다.

8) Regulations covering scientific experiments on human subjects are stringent.

[2020 수능완성 3강 3번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.1)

In many schools, the art program traditionally has been viewed as a particularly favorable setting for educating students with special needs. In art classes, children are able to interact with such materials as paint or clay in direct response to their senses of sight, sound, smell, and touch. The materials of art are sensory, concrete, and manipulable in direct ways that are unique within the school curriculum. All the senses can be brought into _____, providing opportunities to adapt art making activities for students who have some sensory or mobility impairment. For example, children with visual impairment can form expressive objects with clay. Children with hearing impairment can visually observe a demonstration of color mixing with paint and try the process with immediately verifiable results, and children with motor disabilities can work with finger paints or with large brushes for painting.

- | | |
|---------------|------------------|
| ① variety | ② education |
| ③ interaction | ④ transformation |
| ⑤ mixture | |

1) ③

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

In many schools, the art program traditionally has been viewed as a particularly favorable setting for educating students with special needs. In art classes, children are able to interact with such materials as paint or clay in direct response to their senses of sight, sound, smell, and touch. The materials of art are sensory, concrete, and manipulable in direct ways that are unique within the school curriculum. (a) 모든 감각들이 상호 작용을 할 수 있다, providing opportunities to adapt art making activities for students who have some sensory or mobility impairment. For example, children with visual impairment can form expressive objects with clay. Children with hearing impairment can visually observe a demonstration of color mixing with paint and try the process with immediately verifiable results, and children with motor disabilities can work with finger paints or with large brushes for painting.

[주관식 1] What makes it possible for children with visual impairment to have chances to adapt art making activities? Write in Korean. 2)

[주관식 2] Fill in the blank.³⁾

We can help students with ____ (2 words) ____ through ____ (3 words) ____, which use the interaction of the senses, such as sight, sound, smell, and touch.

[주관식 3] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 이용하여 영작해 보시오.⁴⁾

[brought /can /interaction /all /into]

2) 모든 감각들이 상호작용을 하기 때문이다.

3) special needs, art making activities

4) All the senses can be brought into interaction

[2020 수능완성 3강 4번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.⁵⁾

Medical imaging techniques are constantly being refined, and this effort has been aided by various space technologies over the years. Digital image processing techniques developed at NASA's Jet Propulsion Laboratory to allow for computer enhancement of lunar pictures from the Apollo missions have since led to improved MRI and CT imaging.

(A) Moreover, the procedure is ten times cheaper than a surgical biopsy, and greatly reduces the pain, scarring, radiation exposure and time associated with surgical biopsies.

(B) Charge-Coupled Device chip technologies stemming from the Hubble Telescope have greatly furthered breast cancer detection techniques, allowing breast tissue to be imaged more clearly and efficiently, thus increasing resolution so as to be able to distinguish between malignant and benign tumors without resorting to surgical biopsy.

(C) Techniques in astronomy have also refined imaging. The very same infrared sensors used to remotely observe the temperature of stars and planets are now being used to help surgeons map brain tumors.

① (A)-(B)-(C)

② (B)-(A)-(C)

③ (B)-(C)-(A)

④ (C)-(A)-(B)

⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Medical imaging techniques are constantly being refined, and this effort has been aided by various space technologies over the years. Digital image processing techniques developed at NASA's Jet Propulsion Laboratory to allow for computer enhancement of lunar pictures from the Apollo missions have since led to improved MRI and CT imaging. Techniques in astronomy have also refined imaging. The very same infrared sensors used to remotely observe the temperature of stars and planets are now being used to help surgeons map brain tumors. Charge-Coupled Device chip technologies stemming from the Hubble Telescope have greatly furthered breast cancer detection techniques, allowing breast tissue to be imaged more clearly and efficiently, thus (a) 외과적 조직 검사에 의지하지 않고 악성과 양성 종양을 구별할 수 있도록 해상도를 증진시키면서. Moreover, the procedure is ten times cheaper than a surgical biopsy, and greatly reduces the pain, scarring, radiation exposure and time associated with surgical biopsies.

[주관식 1] According to the writing, what contributes to the development of medical imaging techniques? Write in Korean.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] Fill in the blank.⁷⁾

= Not only _____ result from space technologies but also from techniques in astronomy.

[주관식 3] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.⁸⁾

[between /as /so /benign /to /to /to /be /tumors /distinguish /surgical /resolution /and /without /resorting /increasing /biopsy /malignant /able].

6) 우주기술과 천문기술

7) does the development of medical imaging techniques

8) increasing resolution so as to be able to distinguish between malignant and benign tumors without resorting to surgical biopsy

[2020 수능완성 4강 1번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.1)

The way in which people shape landscapes often _____. In a highly commercialized setting such as the United States, it is not surprising that many landscapes are seen as commodities. In other words, they are valued because of their market potential. Residents develop an identity in part based on how the landscape can generate income for the community. This process involves more than the conversion of the natural elements into commodities. The landscape itself, including the people and their sense of self, takes on the form of a commodity. Over time, the landscape identity can evolve into a sort of "logo" that can be used to sell the stories of the landscape. Thus, California's "Wine Country," Florida's "Sun Coast," or South Dakota's "Badlands" shape how both outsiders and residents perceive a place, and these labels build a set of expectations associated with the culture of those who live there.

- | | |
|--|--|
| ① contributes to the standards of life | ② results in the concentration of people |
| ③ leads to various forms of community | ④ starts from creating added values |
| ⑤ reflects the dominant culture | |

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The way in which people shape landscapes often reflects the dominant culture. In a highly commercialized setting such as the United States, it is not surprising that many landscapes are seen as commodities. In other words, (a) market /they /because /valued /potential /of /their /are. Residents develop an identity in part based on how the landscape can generate income for the community. This process involves more than the conversion of the natural elements into commodities. The landscape itself, including the people and their sense of self, takes on the form of a commodity. Over time, the landscape identity can evolve into a sort of "logo" that can be used to sell the stories of the landscape. Thus, California's "Wine Country," Florida's "Sun Coast," or South Dakota's "Badlands" shape how both outsiders and residents perceive a place, and (b) 이런 호칭들은 그곳에 사는 사람들의 문화와 관련된 일련의 기대치를 형성한다.

[주관식 1] Fill in the blank.

According to the writing, we can know that _____ can be regarded as _____. 2)

[주관식 2] (a)의 주어진 단어를 흐름에 맞게 배열해 보시오.3)

[주관식 3] (b)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.4)

[associated /build /set /of /expectations /the /who /labels /culture /of /there /those /with /a /live /these]

2) landscapes, commodities

3) they are valued because of their market potential

4) these labels build a set of expectations associated with the culture of those who live there

[2020 수능완성 4강 2번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 부분 중 흐름상 가장 알맞지 않은 것을 고르시오.5)

There are multiple views of the learner in theories of cognition, just as there are multiple theories of the nature of art. Some portray the learner as a ① lone individual trying to make sense of a work of art or, for that matter, the world. Others picture learners as living within a social or cultural context from which knowledge derives its meaning. Such different views of the learner have ② consequences for teaching the arts. At the same time, if works of art are to be understood in terms of their social and cultural origins and purposes, then it would make sense to ③ integrate the knowledge of the artwork into those subjects, such as the social studies or history, where knowledge of the culture and society is collaterally provided. But if works of art are thought of as ④ autonomous structures whose meaning is set by the artist, where there is one "objective" or "right" interpretation, independent of its social context, then it might make more sense to ⑤ replace this conception of art with the view of the learner as a lone individual.

5) ⑤ replace -> pair

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

There are multiple views of the learner in theories of cognition, just as there are multiple theories of the nature of art. Some portray the learner as a lone individual trying to make sense of a work of art or, for that matter, the world. Others picture learners as living within a social or cultural context from which knowledge derives its meaning. (a) Such different views of the learner have consequences for teaching the arts. At the same time, if works of art are to be understood in terms of their social and cultural origins and purposes, then it would make sense to integrate the knowledge of the artwork into those subjects, such as the social studies or history, (b) 문화와 사회에 대한 지식이 나란히 제공되는. But if works of art are thought of as autonomous structures whose meaning is set by the artist, where there is one "objective" or "right" interpretation, independent of its social context, then it might make more sense to pair this conception of art with the view of the learner as _____.

[주관식 1] (a)가 의미하는 것이 무엇인지 위 글의 내용을 참조하여 써 보시오.6)

[주관식 2] (b)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 이용하여 영작해 보시오.7)

[of /where /collaterally /provide]

[주관식 3] 밑줄 친 빈칸에 알맞은 표현을 본문에서 찾아 써 보시오.8)

6) 인지 이론에 있어서 학습자를 바라보는 서로 다른 인지적 견해가 있을 수 있고, 그에 맞춰 예술 교육을 사회적 상황과 통합하거나 홀로 존재하는 개인으로 학습자를 보는 관점과 결합해야 한다

7) where knowledge of the culture and society is collaterally provided

8) a lone individual

[2020 수능완성 4강 3번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.¹⁾

You may resist the notion that music, which you think should be free to express emotion, is best thought of as rule-governed behavior. But rules govern all meaningful human cultural behavior in just this way. The point is not that musical performance is predetermined by rules, but that it proceeds according to them.

(A) Further, if a listener does not understand the rules, he or she can understand neither the intention of the composer or musician nor the music's structure.

(B) In this view, music is like a game or a conversation : Without rules we could not have a game, and without agreement about what words are, what they mean, and how they are used, we could not hold a meaningful conversation.

(C) Nonetheless, just as meaningful conversations can express emotion, so meaningful music can express it as well, though not, of course, in exactly the same way.

① (A)-(B)-(C)

② (B)-(A)-(C)

③ (B)-(C)-(A)

④ (C)-(A)-(B)

⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

1) ③

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

You may resist the notion that music, which you think should be free to express emotion, is best thought of as rule-governed behavior. But rules govern all meaningful human cultural behavior in just this way. The point is not that musical performance is predetermined by rules, but that it proceeds according to them. In this view, music is like a game or a conversation : Without rules we could not have a game, and without agreement about what words are, what they mean, and how they are used, we could not hold a meaningful conversation. Nonetheless, (a) just as meaningful conversations can express emotion, so meaningful music can express it as well, though not, of course, in exactly the same way. Further, if a listener does not understand the rules, he or she can understand neither the intention of the composer or musician nor the music's structure.

[주관식 1] Fill in the blank.²⁾

Although you doubt that the expression of emotions is (dominate), you can understand the intention of musicians and the structure of music through the understanding of rules.

[주관식 2] (a)를 다음처럼 변형할 때 빈칸을 채워 보시오.³⁾

Not only _____ but meaningful music also express it.

[주관식 3] Fill in the blank.⁴⁾

Were _____ understanding the rules of music, we couldn't understand the intiontion of musicians.

2) dominated by ruels

3) can meaningful conversations express emotion

4) it not for

[2020 수능완성 4강 4번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.⁵⁾

Since the 19th century, economics has borne the dishonorable name of "the dismal science". Some people think economics is called "the dismal science" because it's a dry and difficult subject. Others think it's because economics tackles depressing topics such as poverty, crime, war, taxes, inflation, and economic collapse. The cheerless nickname has been attributed by some to the Scottish historian Thomas Carlyle, who reportedly coined the term when discussing economist Thomas Malthus's prediction that one day population growth would outstrip food production and cause widespread famine. It's true that Carlyle wrote about Malthus on occasion. But Carlyle's negative characterization of economics in fact appears in an article that he wrote about slavery in the West Indies, not in any of his writings about Malthus. And, as it turns out, Carlyle delivered his insult to economics simply because the free market economists of his time did not support his proslavery views. So, in the end, economics earned its less than auspicious nickname for being on what most would agree was the right side of history.

- ① The advent of economics exposed the negative parts of lives concealed for a long time.
- ② The term, economics, went back to the 19th century in which poverty was prevalent.
- ③ Free market economists contributed to population growth which led to the abolition of slavery.
- ④ The reason economics got the dishonorable name resulted from the dissatisfaction of Carlyle.
- ⑤ The economics of Carlyle opened new worlds to humans by developing new economic fields.

5) ④

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Since the 19th century, economics has borne the dishonorable name of "the dismal science". Some people think economics is called "the dismal science" because it's a dry and difficult subject. Others think it's because economics tackles depressing topics such as poverty, crime, war, taxes, inflation, and economic collapse. The cheerless nickname has been attributed by some to the Scottish historian Thomas Carlyle, who reportedly coined the term when discussing economist Thomas Malthus's prediction that one day (a) 인구 증가가 식량 생산을 앞질러 만연한 기근을 일으킬 것이다. It's true that Carlyle wrote about Malthus on occasion. But Carlyle's negative characterization of economics in fact appears in an article that he wrote about slavery in the West Indies, not in any of his writings about Malthus. And, as it turns out, Carlyle delivered his insult to economics simply because the free market economists of his time did not support his proslavery views. So, in the end, economics earned its less than auspicious nickname for being on what most would agree was the right side of history.

[주관식 1] Write the reason Carlyle delivered his insult to economics in Korean.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] Fill in the blank.⁷⁾

Carlyle's negative characterizaion of economics has nothing to do with _____. Instead it has something to do with his support _____.

[주관식 3] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.⁸⁾

[cause /growth /and /production /would /food /famine /population /widespread /outstrip]

6) 그가 살던 시대의 자유 시장 경제학자들이 노예 제도를 옹호하는 그의 견해를 지지하지 않았기 때문

7) Malthus, slavery

8) population growth would outstrip food production and cause widespread famine

[2020 수능완성 6강 1번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적합한 곳을 고르시오.¹⁾

No records exist for the Sea of Marmara and the Black Sea.

The sei whale breeds and feeds in open oceans. ①It migrates long distances and is normally found alone or in groups of 2—5 individuals. ②Sei whales feed mostly by filtering plankton (planktonic crustaceans such as krill and shrimp, as well as small fish) while swimming. ③Although they are probably among the fastest cetaceans, they stay below the surface for only 5 - 10 minutes at a time and do not dive very deep. ④Sei whales have rarely been sighted or stranded in the Mediterranean, with just a few records from France and Spain. ⑤Their global population, however, has declined by 80% due mostly to particularly intensive whaling in the southern hemisphere and the North Pacific from the late 1950s to the mid-1970s.

1) ⑤

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The sei whale breeds and feeds in open oceans. It migrates long distances and is normally found alone or in groups of 2—5 individuals. Sei whales feed mostly by filtering plankton (planktonic crustaceans such as krill and shrimp, as well as small fish) while swimming. (a) Although they are probably among the fastest cetaceans, they stay below the surface for only 5 - 10 minutes at a time and do not dive very deep. Sei whales have rarely been sighted or stranded in the Mediterranean, with just a few records from France and Spain. No records exist for the Sea of Marmara and the Black Sea. Their global population, however, has declined by 80% due mostly to particularly intensive whaling in the southern hemisphere and the North Pacific from the late 1950s to the mid-1970s.

[주관식 1] How long does the sei whale stay below the surface at a time? Write in English.²⁾

[주관식 2] What contributed to the decline of the sei whale? Write in Korean.³⁾

[주관식 3] (a)를 다음처럼 변형하여 다시 쓸 때 빈칸을 채워 보시오.⁴⁾Despite

2) for only 5 - 10 minutes

3) 집중적인 고래잡이

4) being probably among the fastest cetaceans

[2020 수능완성 6강 2번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 부분 중 흐름상 가장 알맞지 않은 것을 고르시오.⁵⁾

During the 1940s and 1950s, Hungarian-born Jewish gymnast Agnes Keleti was the winner of ten Olympic medals, including five gold, and ranks as one of the world's all-time greatest gymnasts - earning ①more medals than any other Jewish female. Keleti was born on January 9, 1921. She overcame a lung problem, and she suffered ②greatly when the Nazis moved into Hungary. Her relatives were sent to Auschwitz, where her father was killed. Her mother and sister survived, due to the ③interpretation of famed Swedish diplomat Raoul Wallenberg. In 1957, Keleti ④immigrated to Israel, married a Hungarian physical education teacher, and had two sons. She became a college physical education teacher and coached national teams. In 1991, Keleti was ⑤inducted into the Hungarian Sports Hall of Fame. She has also been recognized by the Jewish Sports Hall of Fame in Israel.

5) ③ interpretation -> intervention

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

During the 1940s and 1950s, Hungarian-born Jewish gymnast Agnes Keleti was the winner of ten Olympic medals, including five gold, and ranks as one of the world's all-time greatest gymnasts - earning more medals than any other Jewish female. Keleti was born on January 9, 1921. She overcame a lung problem, and she suffered greatly when the Nazis moved into Hungary. Her relatives were sent to Auschwitz, where her father was killed. Her mother and sister survived, due to the _____ of famed Swedish diplomat Raoul Wallenberg. In 1957, Keleti _____ to Israel, married a Hungarian physical education teacher, and had two sons. She became a college physical education teacher and coached national teams. In 1991, Keleti was _____ into the Hungarian Sports Hall of Fame. She has also been recognized by the Jewish Sports Hall of Fame in Israel.

[주관식 1] We can infer that _____ earned more medals than Agnes Keleti.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] Who contributed to the survival of her mother and sister? .⁷⁾

[주관식 3] 밑줄 친 빈칸에 들어갈 단어를 보기에서 찾아 순서대로 써 보시오.⁸⁾

보기: interruption, abduction, immigrated, emigrated, intervention, inducted

6) no Jewish female

7) Swedish diplomat Raoul Wallenberg

8) intervention, immigrated, inducted

[2020 수능완성 6강 3번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 가장 알맞지 않은 것을 고르시오.1)

The prickly pear is native to America, but grows in many desert areas of the Old World and Australia. It is found in the southwestern United States, Mexico, South America, and along the shores of the Mediterranean. It has a ① stem about an inch in diameter which is full of water. The plant grows yellow or red flowers, and its outside is covered with clusters of very sharp spines ②~~spaced~~ at intervals. Do not mistake this plant for other kinds of thick, fleshy cactus-like plants, especially ③~~those~~ in Africa. The spurges of Africa look like cactuses but contain a milky, poisonous juice. The prickly pear never gives a milky juice. You can eat the egg-shaped fruit ④~~growing~~ at the top of the cactus. Slice off the top of the fruit, peel back the outer layer, and eat the contents, seeds and all. Also edible ⑤~~is~~ the flat stems called pads. Cut away the spines and slice the pad lengthwise into strips like string beans. Eat them raw or boiled.

1) ⑤ is -> are

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The prickly pear is native to America, but grows in many desert areas of the Old World and Australia. It is found in the southwestern United States, Mexico, South America, and along the shores of the Mediterranean. It has a thickened stem about an inch in diameter which is full of water. The plant grows yellow or red flowers, and its outside is covered with clusters of very sharp spines spaced at intervals. Do not mistake this plant for other kinds of thick, fleshy cactus-like plants, especially those in Africa. The spurges of Africa look like cactuses but contain a milky, poisonous juice. The prickly pear never gives a milky juice. You can eat the egg-shaped fruit growing at the top of the cactus. Slice off the top of the fruit, peel back the outer layer, and eat the contents, seeds and all. Also (a) 패드라고 불리는 납작한 줄기도 먹을 수 있다. Cut away the spines and slice the pad lengthwise into strips like string beans. Eat them raw or boiled.

[주관식 1] According to the writing, what is the way to distinguish the prickly pear from the spurges of Africa? Write in Korean.²⁾

[주관식 2] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 알맞게 배열해 보시오.³⁾

edible [called /the /flat /pads /are /stems]

[주관식 3] Write the way to eat the flat stems called pads of the prickly pear? Write in Korean.⁴⁾

2) 아프리카의 등대풀속(屬)의 식물과는 달리 부채선인장은 우유 같은 즙을 절대로 내지 않는다.

3) are the flat stems called pads

4) 가시를 잘라 내고 패드를 깎지강낭콩처럼 가느다란 조각으로 길게 썰어 날것으로 먹거나 삶아 먹는다.

[2020 수능완성 6강 4번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.5)

The Northern Pintail is a large wary duck characterized by its slim-bodied and long-necked profile and sharply pointed tail. Northern Pintails prefer to feed in very shallow water at the surface or by up-ending ; _____. In agricultural areas or during migration, the birds fly into grain fields to feed. Their diet is usually about 90% vegetation, made up of seeds of pondweed, sedges, grasses, and grain. Mollusks, crustaceans, and insects form the animal component of the diet. During egg laying, the animal component of the female's diet will increase to 50 — 60%. The Northern Pintail usually arrives in Alberta in mid-March. It is one of the few duck species that occur in spectacular flocks in the spring. Most of these ducks leave southern Alberta by the end of September or early October.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| ① they tend to eat what they like | ② they enjoy swimming in the water |
| ③ they rarely submerge entirely | ④ they drink water by their wide beak |
| ⑤ they have star-like webbed feet | |

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

The Northern Pintail is a large wary duck characterized by its slim-bodied and long-necked profile and sharply pointed tail. Northern Pintails prefer to feed in very shallow water at the surface or by up-ending ; they rarely submerge entirely. In agricultural areas or during migration, the birds fly into grain fields to feed. Their diet is usually about 90% vegetation, made up of seeds of pondweed, sedges, grasses, and grain. Mollusks, crustaceans, and insects form the animal component of the diet. During egg laying, the animal component of the female's diet will increase to 50 — 60%. The Northern Pintail usually arrives in Alberta in mid-March. It is one of the few duck species that occur in spectacular flocks in the spring. Most of these ducks leave southern Alberta by the end of September or early October.

[주관식 1] When does the animal component of the female's diet increase? Write in English.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] Fill in the blank.

According to the writing, the Northern Pintail is not a resident bird but a _____ bird.⁷⁾

[주관식 3] 밑줄 친 (a)의 의미를 한글로 써 보시오.⁸⁾

6) during egg laying

7) migratory

8) 물구나무서기, 거꾸로서기

[2020 수능완성 8강 1번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.¹⁾

Communal living became a necessity because the community and the division of labour through which all individuals subordinate themselves to the group, ensured the continued existence of the species. Only division of labour {which is another way of saying civilization} is capable of ensuring that the tools of survival are available to humankind. Only after they had learned about the division of labour did humans learn how to assert themselves. Consider the difficulties of childbirth and the extraordinary care necessary for keeping a child alive during its infancy! This prolonged care and attention could only be exercised where division of labour existed. Think of the number of illnesses and disorders that human flesh is heir to, particularly in infancy, and you have some conception of the inordinate amount of care each human life demands, and some understanding of the need for communal living. The community is the best guarantor of the continued existence of human beings!

- ① Pros and cons of communal living
- ② When did humans form community?
- ③ Community : only means for communal living
- ④ The labour and existence of human beings
- ⑤ Effects of communal living on survival

1) ⑤

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Communal living became a necessity because the community and the division of labour through which all individuals subordinate themselves to the group, ensured the continued existence of the species. Only division of labour (which is another way of saying civilization) is capable of ensuring that the tools of survival are available to humankind. Only after they had learned about the (a) did humans learn how to assert themselves. Consider the difficulties of childbirth and the extraordinary care necessary for keeping a child alive during its infancy! This prolonged care and attention could only be exercised where division of labour existed. Think of the number of illnesses and disorders that human flesh is heir to, particularly in infancy, and you have some conception of the inordinate amount of care each human life demands, and some understanding of the need for communal living. (b) 공동체는 인간의 지속적인 생존을 보장하는 최고의 제도이다!

[주관식 1] What is the best system for human existence? Write in English.²⁾

[주관식 2] (a)에 들어갈 3단어를 본문에서 찾아 써 보시오.³⁾

[주관식 3] (b)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 이용하여 영작해 보시오.⁴⁾

[beings /best /exist /guarantor /continue]!

2) community

3) division of labour

4) The community is the best guarantor of the continued existence of human beings!

[2020 수능완성 8강 2번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.⁵⁾

Remember the Great Blackout of 2003? A glitch in the U.S. electrical grid knocked out power in a huge swath stretching from New York City to the Midwest.

(A) For example, back in February 2000, cyberpranksters launched the first major attack of the Internet Age. Their targets included the biggest of the big online operators. The weapon in this case was a "denial of service" attack where attackers bombard a target's servers with thousands of hits.

(B) You cannot send or receive e-mail. Access to your databases evaporates. Customers cannot place orders on your Web site. Short interruptions, of course, rarely constitute a crisis. But some do.

(C) Similar incidents struck Italy and Norway in 2003. Technical breakdowns that happen on a grand scale also happen on a small scale to individual businesses. Everyone knows what it's like when the company server goes down.

① (A)-(B)-(C)

② (B)-(A)-(C)

③ (B)-(C)-(A)

④ (C)-(A)-(B)

⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Remember the Great Blackout of 2003? A glitch in the U.S. electrical grid knocked out power in a huge swath stretching from New York City to the Midwest. Similar incidents struck Italy and Norway in 2003. Technical breakdowns that happen on a grand scale also happen on a small scale to individual businesses. Everyone knows what it's like when the company server goes down. (a) You cannot send or receive e-mail. Access to your databases evaporates. Customers cannot place orders on your Web site. Short interruptions, of course, rarely constitute a crisis. But some do. For example, back in February 2000, cyberpranksters launched the first major attack of the Internet Age. Their targets included the biggest of the big online operators. The weapon in this case was a "denial of service" attack where attackers bombard a target's servers with thousands of hits.

[주관식 1] Write two things which constitute a crisis in Korean.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] According to the writing, what was the means of attack which cyberpranksters used in February 2000? Write in Korean. ⁷⁾

[주관식 3] If the company server goes down, what would happen? Write the answer in Korean after reading the above writing.⁸⁾

6) 기술적고장과 사이버공격

7) 공격자가 공격 대상의 서버에 수천 번의 히트 공세를 하는 '서비스 거부' 공격

8) 이메일을 보내거나 받을 수 없으며, 데이터베이스에 대한 접근도 무산된다.

[2020 수능완성 8강 3번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.¹⁾

In 1843, German economist Wilhelm Roscher explicitly raised the issue of the need to use the historical method in economics, the essential element of which should be a comparative approach. Roscher argued that economic behaviours are dependent on their historical and social context, causes that in their studies should be used not only in an economic but also a historical and sociological approach.

(A) There is often talk of the methodological assumption common to most representatives of this school of thought, shared by their English counterparts, which was a denial of the existence of universally valid economic laws in conjunction with the emphasis on the importance of individual facts.

(B) The first task of a researcher is therefore to immerse oneself in history to get as wide a knowledge of economic facts as possible, and on that basis determine the relationship between the economy and society.

(C) This explains why so much effort of the representatives of the so-called older historical school, notably Bruno Hildebrand and Karl Knies, focused on describing the stages of the historical development of society.

① (A)-(B)-(C)

② (B)-(A)-(C)

③ (B)-(C)-(A)

④ (C)-(A)-(B)

⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

1) ③

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

In 1843, German economist Wilhelm Roscher explicitly raised the issue of the need to use the historical method in economics, the essential element of which should be a comparative approach. Roscher argued that economic behaviours are ㉠dependent on their historical and social context, causes that in their studies should be used not only in an economic but also a historical and sociological approach. The first task of a researcher is therefore to ㉢immerse oneself in history to get as wide a knowledge of economic facts as possible, and on that basis determine the relationship between the economy and society. This explains why so ㉡little effort of the representatives of the so-called older historical school, notably Bruno Hildebrand and Karl Knies, focused on ㉣describing the stages of the historical development of society. There is often talk of the methodological assumption ㉤common to most representatives of this school of thought, shared by their English counterparts, (a) 이는 개별 사실의 중요성에 대한 강조와 함께 보편적으로 유효한 경제 법칙의 존재를 부인하는 것이었다.

[주관식 1] What is the first task of a researcher according to Roscher? Write in Korean.²⁾

[주관식 2] ㉠㉢㉡㉣㉤중에서 흐름상 알맞지 않은 것을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 보시오.³⁾

[주관식 3] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 이용하여 영작해 보시오.⁴⁾

[universally /a /the /of /valid /individual /conjunction /economic /with /existence /in /the /emphasis /on /denial /of /the /importance /of /laws /was /facts /which]

2) 경제적 사실에 대한 가능한 한 폭넓은 지식을 얻기 위해 역사에 몰두하는 것이고, 그리고 그것을 토대로 경제와 사회 간의 관계를 알아내는 것

3) ㉡ little -> much

4) which was a denial of the existence of universally valid economic laws in conjunction with the emphasis on the importance of individual facts.

[2020 수능완성 8강 4번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글의 주제로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.⁵⁾

A guarantee of authenticity through a form of certification is important to many tourist consumers. Documentation of legitimacy may be provided in the form of official paperwork and certificates, photographs, artisans' signatures, and dates. In their 1993 paper, Littrell and her colleagues suggest that it is typically tourists with a need for status who often judge authenticity by external markers such as these. According to nearly half of the visitors in one New Zealand study, authenticity was important in their decision to buy an item of clothing. When asked if they would be more likely to buy clothing from New Zealand if design authenticity were included on the label, 46% said that they would. The same study also noted that domestic tourists from New Zealand, as well as visitors from Australia and Asia, considered verification of genuineness on labels very important in their purchasing decisions, while visitors from Europe and North America were less concerned with the issue.

- ① Authenticity has positive influence on the sale of products
- ② There are various ways to guarantee authenticity according to forms of certification.
- ③ People tend to like the products having external markers of authenticity.
- ④ A guarantee of authenticity is important to tourist consumers.
- ⑤ Tourist consumers want to be guaranteed through various authentic mark.

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

(a) 인증형식을 통한 진품성 보장은 많은 관광 소비자에게 중요하다. Documentation of legitimacy may be provided in the form of official paperwork and certificates, photographs, artisans' signatures, and dates. In their 1993 paper, Littrell and her colleagues suggest that it is typically tourists with a need for status who often judge authenticity by external markers such as these. According to nearly half of the visitors in one New Zealand study, authenticity was important in their decision to buy an item of clothing. When asked if they would be more likely to buy clothing from New Zealand if design authenticity were included on the label, 46% said that (b) they would. The same study also noted that domestic tourists from New Zealand, as well as visitors from Australia and Asia, considered verification of genuineness on labels very important in their purchasing decisions, while visitors from Europe and North America were less concerned with ① the issue.

[주관식 1] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.⁶⁾

[many /certification /authenticity /to /through /a /a /of /is /form /important /tourist /consumers /of /guarantee]

[주관식 2] (b)를 다음처럼 다시 쓸 때 빈칸을 채워 보시오.⁷⁾

they would buy clothing from New Zealand if _____

[주관식 3] ①이 의미하는 것이 무엇인지 한글로 써 보시오.⁸⁾

6) A guarantee of authenticity through a form of certification is important to many tourist consumers

7) design authenticity were included on the label

8) 상표의 진품 확인이 구매 결정에 매우 중요한가에 관한 문제

[2020 수능완성 9강 1번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 문장이 들어가기에 가장 적합한 곳을 고르시오.¹⁾

However, in the positive direction, humor provides the opportunity to connect with the client on her or his ground and share a powerful trust.

While humor is one of the important coping mechanisms of Native Americans, it should be used only if the client invites it, meaning that the client trusts the counselor enough to connect on that level. ①What, in one situation, can be humor between two people, in another can be interpreted as ridicule or wearing a mask. ②Counselors, therefore, have to be sensitive to using humor in a way that doesn't reinforce various means of oppression that the client has endured probably for all of her or his life. ③In sum, although counselors working with Native American clients should exercise caution when using humor, they definitely should not overlook it as a powerful therapeutic technique. ④Indian humor serves the purpose of reaffirming and enhancing the sense of connectedness as part of family, clan, and tribe. ⑤To the extent that it can serve that purpose in the counseling relationship, it is all the better.

1) ③

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

While humor is one of the important coping mechanisms of Native Americans, it should be used only if the client invites it, meaning that the client trusts the counselor enough to connect on that level. What, in one situation, can be humor between two people, in another can be interpreted as ridicule or wearing a mask. Counselors, therefore, have to be sensitive to using humor in a way that doesn't reinforce various means of oppression that the client has endured probably for all of her or his life. However, in the positive direction, humor provides the opportunity to connect with the client on her or his ground and share a powerful trust. In sum, although counselors working with Native American clients should exercise caution when using humor, they definitely should not overlook it as a powerful therapeutic technique. Indian humor serves the purpose of reaffirming and enhancing the sense of connectedness as part of family, clan, and tribe. To the extent that it can serve that purpose in the counseling relationship, it is all the better.

[주관식 1] Fill in the blank.²⁾

Counselors can use humor as _____, but they should be careful when they work with Native American clients.

[주관식 2] According to the writing, whether humor can be interpreted as ridicule or not _____ on the situation it is used.³⁾

[주관식 3] 밑줄 친 빈칸에 들어갈 연결사를 보기에서 찾아 순서대로 써 보시오.⁴⁾

보기: for example, however, in other words, similarly, in sum, therefore, as a result

2) a powerful therapeutic technique

3) depends

4) therefore, However, In sum

[2020 수능완성 9강 2번]

[수능예상문제]

1. 다음 글의 내용과 일치하지 않는 것을 고르시오.⁵⁾

For millions of years man and his closest ancestors obtained food (and medicinal substances) from nature in a ready form. There was nothing to prevent the whole diversity of biologically active substances from entering his body. Cooking food was an individual domestic affair. Gathering' was the first way man received material benefits. The sharp fall in rural populations that accompanied the growth of cities and the development of so-called public catering necessitated the production and storage of enormous quantities of food products. This coincided with the emergence of a second way of deriving material benefits - 'production'. But side by side with production, in the sense of the creation of completely new objects for consumption, goes the process of purification (distillation, refinement, etc.). We have called this process 'anti-gathering'. It has led to finely ground flour products, polished rice and other grain removed from the husk, refined oil, and refined sugar. The choice of vegetables and wild-growing plants has shrunk ; pure spirits such as vodka have replaced natural wines.

- ① 인간은 다양한 생물학적 활성 물질의 섭취를 하였다.
- ② 인간이 물질적 혜택을 받은 첫 번째 방법은 채집이었다.
- ③ 두 번째 물질적 혜택은 생산의 출현과 동시에 나타났다.
- ④ 반채집으로 생산과 분리하여 소비물품이 창조되었다.
- ⑤ 순수한 증류주와 정제된 설탕은 반채집의 결과물들이다.

5) ④

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

For millions of years man and his closest ancestors obtained food (and medicinal substances) from nature in a ready form. There was nothing to prevent the whole diversity of biologically active substances from entering his body. Cooking food was an individual domestic affair.

(A) We have called this process 'anti-gathering'. It has led to finely ground flour products, polished rice and other grain removed from the husk, refined oil, and refined sugar. The choice of vegetables and wild-growing plants has shrunk ; pure spirits such as vodka have replaced natural wines.

(B) Gathering' was the first way man received material benefits. The sharp fall in rural populations that accompanied the growth of cities and the development of so-called public catering necessitated the production and storage of enormous quantities of food products.

(C) This coincided with the emergence of a second way of deriving material benefits - 'production'. But side by side with production, in the sense of the creation of completely new objects for consumption, goes the process of purification (distillation, refinement, etc.).

[주관식 1] What is the meaning of 'anti-gathering'? Write in Korean.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] Write the products resulting from 'anti-gathering' in Korean. ⁷⁾

[주관식 3] 주어진 내용에 이어질 순서대로 바르게 연결해 보시오.⁸⁾

() -> () -> ()

6) 완전히 새로운 소비 물품을 창조한다는 의미에서 생산과 병행하여 {증류, 정련 등} 진행되는 정제 과정

7) 곱게 빻은 밀가루 제품, 걸쭉질이 제거된 도정된 쌀과 다른 곡물, 정제된 기름, 그리고 정제된 설탕보드카와 같은 순수한 증류주 등

8) (B) -> (C) -> (A)

[2020 수능완성 9강 3번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.¹⁾

In the offline world, bystander helping is influenced by the number of other people available to provide help. If people see that others are available to help, their own motivation to help is diminished. In the online world, it is hard to know how many potential helpers are available. The combination of visible needs for help and unknown numbers of potential helpers may make the felt need to offer help more salient. Until one person actually offers help, every potential helper may assume that he or she is the only one who could help. Physical invisibility also reduces the barriers to offering help for people whose age, gender, race, or other visible attributes lead people to discount their contributions in the offline world, regardless of their actual usefulness. Help provided is not spumed on the basis of irrelevant physical or social attributes ; it can be judged based solely on its quality.

- ① What is the difference between online and offline world?
- ② What makes people in the offline world help others at their own expense?
- ③ Actual usefulness about visible attributes is important in motivating people?
- ④ Assessment of help can have positive influence on subsequent motivation to help?
- ⑤ Do people in the online world have more motivation to help others?

1) ⑤

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

In the offline world, bystander helping is influenced by the number of other people available to provide help. If people see that others are available to help, their own motivation to help is diminished. In the online world, it is hard to know (a) available /many /potential /how /helpers /are. The combination of visible needs for help and unknown numbers of potential helpers may make the felt need to offer help more salient. Until one person actually offers help, every potential helper may assume that he or she is the only one who could help. Physical (b) _____ also reduces the barriers to offering help for people whose age, gender, race, or other visible attributes lead people to discount their contributions in the offline world, regardless of their actual usefulness. Help provided is not spumed on the basis of irrelevant physical or social attributes ; it can be judged based solely on its quality.

[주관식 1] According the writing, what makes the motivation to help others decrease? Write in Korean.²⁾

[주관식 2] (a)의 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.³⁾

[주관식 3] (b)에 들어갈 1단어를 본문의 단어를 활용하여 써 보시오.⁴⁾

2) 도움을 제공할 수 있는 다른 사람들이 있다는 사실

3) **how many potential helpers are available**4) **invisibility**

[2020 수능완성 9강 4번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 부분 중 흐름상 알맞지 않은 것을 고르시오.⁵⁾

Fear of strangers (xenophobia) has had a long history. Foreigners, an out-group, were seen as threatening simply by being different. Immigration policies have continued to reflect this concern that foreigners use up our resources, take our jobs, and become a burden or threat to society. People from other lands and other groups gain a ①negative stereotype. They do not share our history, our beliefs or ideology, our religion or our work ethic so they are ②unwelcome. They do not have to be afforded equal consideration in the application of our values or laws. Racism and prejudice are passed along from generation to generation in a process known as cultural ③transmission. Primary groups reinforce prejudices and stereotypes during socialization. The media ④proportionately report negatives about minorities (out-groups), institutions advance discriminatory practices, and governments institute programs and policies that ⑤deny equal opportunity. As these become entrenched, they are difficult to challenge.

5) ④ proportionately -> disproportionately

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Fear of strangers (xenophobia) has had a long history. Foreigners, an out-group, were seen as threatening simply by being different. Immigration policies have continued to reflect this concern that foreigners use up our resources, take our jobs, and become a burden or threat to society. People from other lands and other groups gain a negative _____. They do not share our history, our beliefs or ideology, our religion or our work ethic so they are unwelcome. They do not have to be _____ equal consideration in the application of our values or laws. Racism and prejudice are passed along from generation to generation in a process known as cultural transmission. Primary groups _____ prejudices and stereotypes during socialization. The media disproportionately report negatives about minorities (out-groups), institutions advance discriminatory practices, and governments institute programs and policies that deny equal opportunity. As these become _____, they are difficult to challenge.

[주관식 1] What concern have immigration policies reflected? Write in Korean.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] 다음 영영사전의 의미를 가진 단어를 위 글에서 찾아 써 보시오. ⁷⁾

영영사전: the process by which people, especially children, are made to behave in a way which is acceptable in their culture.

[주관식 3] 밑줄 친 빈칸에 들어갈 단어를 보기에서 찾아 순서대로 써 보시오.⁸⁾

보기: reinforce, afforded, entrenched, stereotype

6) 외국인이 우리의 자원을 다 써 버리고, 우리의 일자리를 가져가고, 사회에 부담이나 위협이 된다

7) socialization

8) stereotype, afforded, reinforce, entrenched

[2020 수능완성 10강 1번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글을 요약한 것이다. 빈칸에 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.¹⁾

If the hypothesis under consideration is a simple generalization, it may be sufficient to test it by looking for more examples, seeing whether or not the generalization holds for them. Under these circumstances unfavorable examples which violate the generalization may or may not lead to its rejection. If the generalization has any reasonable body of supporting data, the finding of new facts which do not fit usually leads to the refinement or elaboration of the original hypothesis rather than its complete rejection. On the other hand, if the original basis for the hypothesis was slender, the unfavorable instances may so outweigh the favorable ones as to make it reasonable to believe that the earlier agreement was a matter of pure chance. Also, a new hypothesis may be developed which fits the original data and the new data as well.



Whether the hypothesis are rejected or not (a) how much data the generalization _____.

(a)

(b)

(a)

(b)

① depends on ----- corresponds to

② accounts for ----- falls back on

③ depends on ----- gives birth to

④ accounts for ----- brings about

⑤ depends on ----- justifies

1) ①

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

If the hypothesis under consideration is a simple generalization, it may be sufficient to test it by looking for more examples, seeing whether or not the generalization holds for them. Under these circumstances (a) 귀납적 결과를 위배하는 불리한 예는 그것을 거부하는 결과를 가져올 수도 있고 그렇지 않을 수도 있다. If the generalization has any reasonable body of supporting data, the finding of new facts which do not fit usually leads to the refinement or elaboration of the original hypothesis rather than its complete rejection. On the other hand, if the original basis for the hypothesis was slender, the unfavorable instances may so outweigh the favorable ones as to make it reasonable to believe that the earlier agreement was a matter of pure _____. Also, (b) a new hypothesis may be developed which fits the original data and the new data as well.

[주관식 1] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.²⁾

[lead /violate /the /not /generalization /rejection /which /unfavorable /or /may /to /its /examples /may]

[주관식 2] 밑줄 친 빈칸에 들어갈 1단어를 보기의 문장에 들어갈 단어를 참조하여 써 보시오.³⁾

I happened to meet her yesterday at the park.

= I met her by _____ yesterday at the park.

[주관식 3] (b)를 다음처럼 변형할 때 빈칸을 채워 보시오.⁴⁾

a new hypothesis may be developed which fits not only _____

2) unfavorable examples which violate the generalization may or may not lead to its rejection.

3) chance

4) the original data but also the new data

[2020 수능완성 10강 2번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음 글의 제목으로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.⁵⁾

Knowledge — the output of human innovation — is unique among all resources. It's not a physical resource. It's an information resource. Where all physical resources are depleted by use, and are divided by sharing, knowledge is different. A wheel may break or wear out, but the idea of the wheel will keep on working. A wheel can only be used in one place and one time, but the design for a wheel can be shared with an infinite number of people, all of whom can benefit from it. Ideas aren't zero-sum. That means the world isn't zero-sum. One person or nation's gain doesn't have to be another's loss. By creating new ideas, we can enrich all of us on the planet, while impoverishing none. Knowledge plays by different rules than physical resources, rules that make it inherently abundant.

- ① Differences between information and knowledge
- ② Roles of conception in making sustainable knowledge
- ③ Is it possible to regard knowledge as zero-sum?
- ④ How many times can we reproduce knowledge?
- ⑤ Characteristics of knowledge as a resource

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

Knowledge — the output of human innovation — is unique among all resources. It's not a physical resource. It's an information resource. Where all physical resources are depleted by use, and are divided by sharing, knowledge is different. A wheel may break or wear out, but the idea of the wheel will keep on working. A wheel can only be used in one place and one time, but the design for a wheel can be shared with an infinite number of people, all of whom can benefit from it. (a) Ideas aren't zero-sum. That means the world isn't zero-sum. (b) 한 사람이나 한 국가의 이익이 다른 사람이나 다른 국가의 손해를 필요는 없다. By creating new ideas, we can enrich all of us on the planet, while impoverishing none. Knowledge plays by different rules than physical resources, rules that make it inherently abundant.

[주관식 1] Fill in the blank.⁶⁾

If a physical wheel may break or wear out, we can't use it, but the conception, a wheel, can be used although _____.

[주관식 2] 바퀴의 예를 들어 (a)를 설명해 보시오. 7)

[주관식 3] (b)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.⁸⁾

[doesn't /another's /or /nation's /one /person /to /be /loss /gain /have]

6) it can be shared with an infinite number of people

7) 실제 바퀴는 고장나면 사용이 불가능하나 개념으로서의 바퀴는 많은 사람들이 사용해도 사용이 가능하다.

8) One person or nation's gain doesn't have to be another's loss.

[2020 수능완성 10강 3번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 다음에 이어질 순서로 가장 알맞은 것을 고르시오.¹⁾

To at least "compare notes" with other philosophically interested people adds something crucial to the practice of philosophy itself and not just because it's important to make your ideas more widely known.

(A) This gives both participants in a philosophical exchange an indispensable opportunity to hone their ideas and reasoning skills. Thus, the social component of philosophy is an essential part of the doing of philosophy itself.

(B) This is how a philosopher ensures that he or she is really making sense and using valid reasoning processes. If you are challenged by someone who seems to disagree, this forces you to be as clear as possible about what principles you are starting with and exactly how you are reasoning to a given conclusion.

(C) Rather, it helps you hone your ideas to greater quality. Part of this is making sure that your ideas and reasoning process are as clearly spelled out as possible ; ensuring that they're clear to someone else helps make them clearer to yourself.

① (A)-(B)-(C)

② (B)-(A)-(C)

③ (B)-(C)-(A)

④ (C)-(A)-(B)

⑤ (C)-(B)-(A)

1) ⑤

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

To at least "compare notes" with other philosophically interested people adds something ㉠**crucial** to the practice of philosophy itself and not just because it's important to make your ideas more widely known. Rather, (a) **quality /your /to /it /ideas /hone /greater /you /helps**. Part of this is making sure that your ideas and reasoning process are as ㉢**clearly** spelled out as possible ; ensuring that they're clear to someone else helps make them clearer to yourself. This is how a philosopher ensures that he or she is really making sense and using ㉡**valid** reasoning processes. If you are ㉣**acknowledged** by someone who seems to disagree, this forces you to be as clear as possible about what principles you are starting with and exactly how you are reasoning to a given conclusion. This gives both participants in a philosophical exchange an ㉤**indispensable** opportunity to hone their ideas and reasoning skills. Thus, the social component of philosophy is an essential part of the doing of philosophy itself.

[주관식 1] According to the writing, what roles does social interaction play when we do the doing of philosophy? Write in Korean.²⁾

[주관식 2] (a)를 흐름에 맞게 배열해 보시오.³⁾

[주관식 3] ㉠㉢㉡㉣㉤중에서 흐름상 알맞지 않은 것을 찾아 바르게 고쳐 보시오.⁴⁾

() -> ()

2) 자기 생각과 사유 능력을 연마할 기회를 준다.

3) **it helps you hone your ideas to greater quality**

4) ㉣ acknowledged -> challenged

[2020 수능완성 10강 4번]**[수능예상문제]**

1. 밑줄 친 부분 중 어법상 가장 알맞지 않은 것을 고르시오.5)

In a formalized manner the social structure of the indigenous peoples of the Pacific Northwest Coast ①is based on intricate forms of clan and family lineage regulated by both birth and wealth. Rank and privilege were proclaimed by song, speech, and costume in tribal cultures ②where relative status in the community was of prime importance. Whole costumes from headgear to leggings were decorated with a readable heraldic system based on familiar animals ③is associated with clan symbolism, and personal, often inherited, spiritual relationships. Costumes were worn at the social and religious events that expressed their ④highly differentiated and formally structured society. As a new rank was achieved or a fresh honor bestowed upon an individual, the concurrent rise in prestige and status was often marked by that person's right to wear ⑤another highly specialized symbolic garment. In this way the ownership and display of ritual clothing was literally the visual fabric of the social order.

5) ③ is associated -> associated

[서술형문제]

2. 다음 글을 읽고 물음에 답하시오.

In a formalized manner the social structure of the indigenous peoples of the Pacific Northwest Coast is based on intricate forms of clan and family lineage regulated by both birth and wealth. Rank and privilege were proclaimed by song, speech, and costume in tribal cultures where relative status in the community was of prime importance. Whole costumes from headgear to leggings were decorated with a readable heraldic system based on familiar animals associated with clan symbolism, and personal, often inherited, spiritual relationships. (a) 의복은 그들의 고도로 차별화되고 형식적으로 구조화된 사회를 표현하는 사회적, 종교적 행사에서 착용되었다. As a new rank was achieved or a fresh honor bestowed upon an individual, the concurrent rise in prestige and status was often marked by that person's right to wear another highly specialized symbolic garment. In this way the ownership and display of ritual clothing was literally the visual fabric of the social order.

[주관식 1] To the indigenous peoples of the Pacific Northwest Coast what does the ownership and display of ritual clothing mean? Write in Korean.⁶⁾

[주관식 2] 위 글의 제목을 다음처럼 쓸 때 빈칸에 알맞은 말을 본문에서 찾아 써 보시오. 7)

Garments showing the _____ (2 words)

[주관식 3] (a)의 한글에 맞게 주어진 단어를 올바르게 배열해 보시오.⁸⁾

[their /formally /were /expressed /at /the /social /highly /and /events /that /worn /differentiated /structured /society /religious /and /costumes]

6) 사회질서의 시각적 구조를 의미한다.

7) social status

8) Costumes were worn at the social and religious events that expressed their highly differentiated and formally structured society.